

County Service Area 23 – Santa Margarita Water Rate Analysis

Prepared By:

County Public Works

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Water Rate Analysis County Service Area (CSA) 23 – Santa Margarita, Water System

Purpose

The purpose of this report is to summarize the revenue requirements for the operations and maintenance of the CSA 23 water system and determine the appropriate water rate increase needed to generate those revenue requirements.

Background

The CSA 23 water system was formed in 1946 (originally as County Water Works District #6) and operates for the purpose of furnishing potable water to the residential, commercial and public customers in the community of Santa Margarita. CSA 23 is located in central San Luis Obispo County.

CSA 23 currently serves approximately 509 residential, 24 commercial, and 6 public authority customers. CSA 23 receives its water supply from two wells. One is a deep, fractured rock well and the other is a relatively shallow well that pumps from the alluvial deposits of Santa Margarita Creek. Two other wells exist and are only available to be used in an emergency. Water is treated at the well-head and then pumped through the distribution system up to two water storage tanks located on the west end of town. A grant funded project to connect the CSA 23 water system with that of Atascadero Mutual Water Company for an emergency intertie is expected to be completed in 2016. A map of the CSA 23 water distribution system is included as **Exhibit A** and a map of the water system intertie project is included as **Exhibit B**.

Water rates in Santa Margarita have not increased (other than inflationary adjustments) in 7 years. The last increase was implemented in 2008 in order to partially fund Capital Improvements which included a new water tank and water line improvements. A federal grant provided one-third of the project funding. The need for the current rate increase is discussed below.

Water Consumption

On January 17, 2014, Governor Brown declared a drought state of emergency. Subsequently, on March 11, 2014, the San Luis Obispo County Board of Supervisors adopted a resolution proclaiming a local emergency due to drought conditions in San Luis Obispo County. On July 15, 2014, the State Water Board adopted initial emergency regulations to support water conservation (Resolution No. 2014-0038) as set forth in California Code of Regulations, Title 23, Sections 863, 864, and 865. In accordance with the adopted regulations, smaller water suppliers must either limit outdoor irrigation of ornamental landscapes or turf with potable water by the persons it serves to no more than two (2) days per week or implement other mandatory conservation measures intended to achieve a comparable reduction in water consumption by the persons it serves relative to the amount consumed in 2013. In order to comply with State emergency regulations, the County enacted Ordinance No. 3265 on August 19, 2014, regulating outdoor water use to Mondays and Thursdays only within applicable County Service Areas, including CSA 23.

On April 1, 2015, after four years of drought and a winter of record low snow fall, Governor Brown issued an Executive Order directing the State Water Board to impose mandatory water conservation measures intended to achieve a statewide 25% reduction in potable urban water usage through February 2016. Emergency water conservation regulations implementing mandatory conservation were adopted on May 5, 2015 and became effective June 1, 2015. Smaller suppliers, including CSA 23, must either reduce water use by 25%, or restrict outdoor watering to no more than 2 days per week. Smaller suppliers must also submit a report on December 15, 2015 to demonstrate compliance.

Figure 1 shows the annual reduction in water use by the community over time. Consumption has decreased by 32% from the high point in fiscal year 2003/2004 and must decrease even further in order to meet the Governor's target reduction level. The result of this reduction in consumption is that the revenue generated by the current rate structure is insufficient to cover the operating expenses of the system. This revenue shortfall has been slowly reducing the reserve balances in CSA 23 which are now critically low at less than \$50,000.

With the current drought conditions, it is assumed that future consumption will reduce further with additional conservation measures in order to reach the Governor's 25% reduction target. Thus, the Governor's conservation target of 51,310 CCF for Santa Margarita is assumed for the purpose of developing the new rate structure.

The number of water accounts in CSA 23 has remained consistent as very little infill development has occurred. Only 10 water connections to the CSA 23 system have occurred since 2008 which is less than 2 per year on average. Additional connections are not anticipated and the existing number of accounts is assumed for the purpose of developing the new rate structure.

Revenue Requirements

Table 1 presents an actual revenue and expenditure history for CSA 23. This shows that the system has been running at a deficit in most years since 2008 with the deficit reducing reserves in CSA 23.

The proposed revenue requirements include a 10% contingency on O&M which totals \$22,000. The need for this contingency is twofold. First, it will provide funding for unanticipated expenditures of the system. This could be in the form of one time expenditures (i.e. equipment replacement or emergency water) or increases in ongoing expenditures (i.e. the cost of water treatment and pumping). Secondly, any unused contingency is available to fund pay as you go capital improvements. A \$7,500 Capital Equipment Replacement line item is also included to ensure timely replacement of equipment on a regular basis.

The proposed revenue requirements total \$386,350. The amount of revenue needed from water sales equals \$377,950 and revenue from other charges covers the difference.

Water Rate Structure

Table 2 illustrates the proposed rate change to the Basic Bi-Monthly Charge for Water Service and how the rate was calculated. The current rate structure has a minimum charge, which includes 10 units (748 gallons per unit) of water, and then increasing tiered water rates for higher usage in order to encourage water conservation. However, a recent court decision has limited municipal agencies ability to use tiered water rates. Therefore, the proposed rate structure eliminates the use of tiered water rates for the CSA 23 system.

The proposed rate structure includes a reduced minimum charge (with no water included) and a single volumetric usage charge for each unit of water used. It is expected that the proposed rate structure will still encourage water conservation as customers will not receive any water with the minimum charge, but will have to pay for each unit used. This will actually benefit those customers with minimal water usage and result in lower water bills than currently. Customers will only pay for water actually used.

The current average monthly water bill for customers is \$44.13. The proposed rate adjustment would raise the monthly average to \$58.43. The recommended changes to the Basic Bi-Monthly Charge for Water Service represent an average increase of \$28.60 (\$14.30 per month) or 32%. The adjustment will generate additional revenues of approximately \$92,500 per year. This adjustment is required to cover the cost of ongoing capital replacement, debt service, operations and maintenance expenditures given the reduced water consumption in the community due to the drought and conservation efforts to meet the Governor's target reductions. Annually thereafter, rates would increase based on increases in the Consumer Price Index. This will ensure that only non inflationary rate increases are needed in the future.

Water bills are computed on a bi-monthly basis (every other month). The charge for water is based on the amount of water used, measured in hundred cubic feet. This is abbreviated as CCF. One CCF equals 748 gallons.

FIGURE 1
CSA 23 Santa Margarita Water Consumption

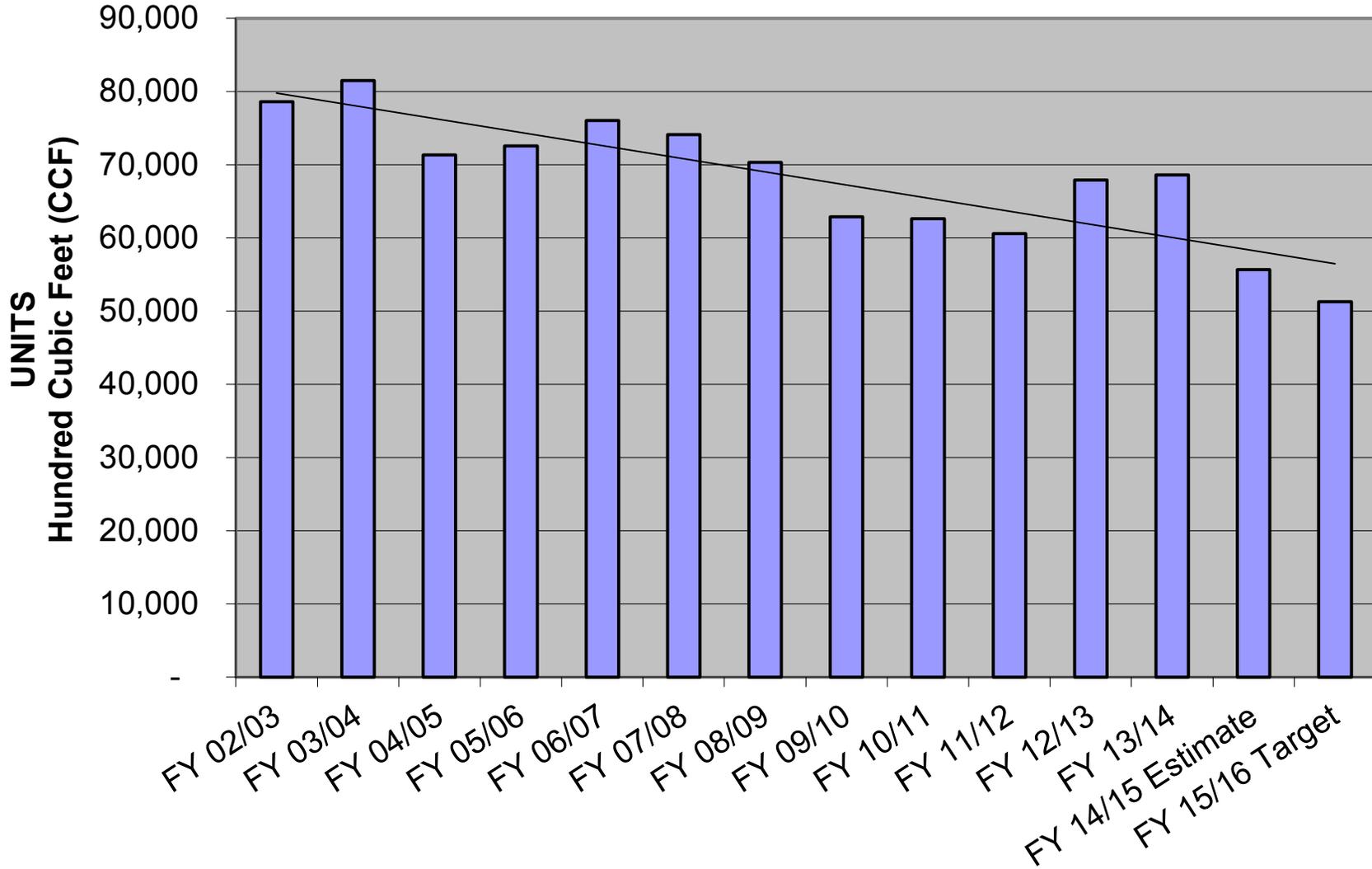


TABLE 1

CSA 23 Santa Margarita Water Actual Revenues and Expenses											
	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15 Estimate	2015-16 Projection
Total Consumption (CCF)	72,550	76,018	74,110	70,320	62,914	62,597	60,580	67,918	68,602	55,643	51,310
Water Sales	193,259	216,898	221,603	297,447	287,464	284,627	303,536	320,507	319,838	285,411	377,950
System Connection Fees	6,000	1,500	3,000	-	-	-	10,500	-	4,500	-	-
Water Availability	1,569	1,154	445	982	915	937	965	978	818	818	800
New Service - Water	22,514	4,058	12,385	-	-	-	6,169	-	2,446	1,474	-
Interest	914	766	1,629	585	495	230	226	145	112	843	-
Other Revenues	32	288	1,431	608	307	371	1,074	2,770	8,669	7,598	7,600
Total - Revenues	224,288	224,664	240,494	299,621	289,181	286,165	322,471	324,399	336,382	296,145	386,350
O&M	192,674	181,128	162,088	191,619	196,065	223,119	196,945	188,163	178,949	199,530	200,000
Power	11,517	13,442	16,889	22,278	18,316	14,292	14,094	16,424	20,565	20,086	20,000
Contingency (10%)											22,000
O&M - Expenses	204,191	194,570	178,977	213,897	214,381	237,411	211,039	204,587	199,514	219,616	242,000
Capital Equipment Replacement			6,794					5,343		6,103	7,500
State Safe Drinking Water Loan Prin/Int	34,407	33,949	33,874	34,597	35,597	35,597	35,597	35,597	35,597	35,597	35,600
Interim Loan Expense			3,123	4,725	488						
USDA Loan Prin/Int					32,535	59,771	85,572	87,169	87,359	87,506	87,500
USDA Loan - Equip Reserve					5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
USDA Loan - Debt Reserve						13,752	12,504	13,752	3,752	8,752	8,750
Capital/Debt - Expenses	34,407	33,949	43,791	39,323	73,620	114,120	138,674	146,861	131,709	142,958	144,350
Total - Expenses	238,598	228,519	222,768	253,220	288,001	351,531	349,713	351,448	331,223	362,574	386,350
Revenues minus Expenses	(14,310)	(3,855)	17,725	46,402	1,180	(65,366)	(27,241)	(27,049)	5,159	(66,430)	0

TABLE 2

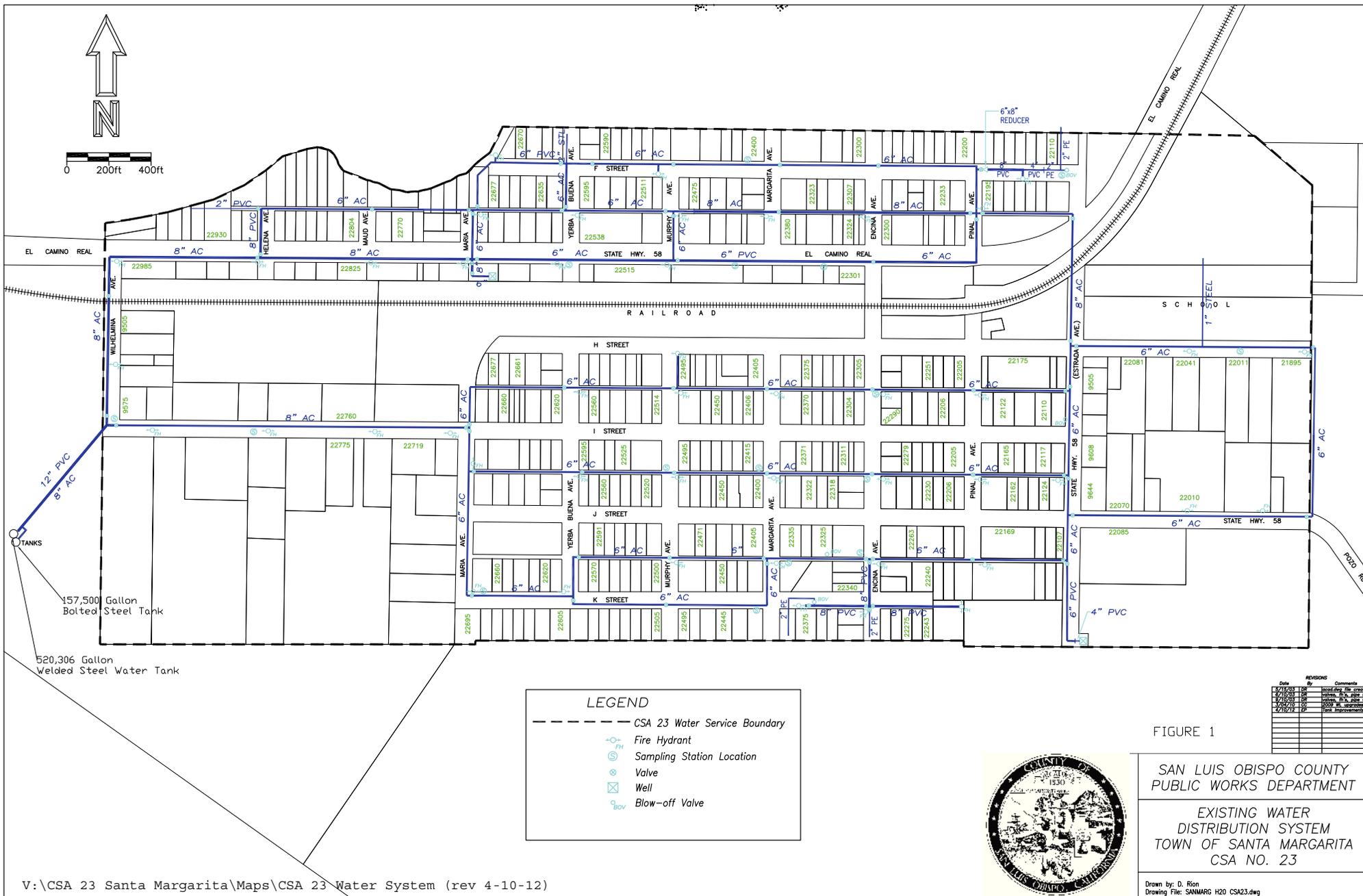
Basic Bi-Monthly Charge for Water Service	
Allowable Quantity	Present Rate
0 CCF to 10 CCF *	\$61.41 Minimum Charge
11 CCF to 16 CCF	\$2.93 Per CCF
Greater than 16 CCF	\$3.76 Per CCF
Allowable Quantity	New Rate
0 CCF	\$44.64 Minimum Charge
Greater than 0 CCF	\$4.55 Per CCF

All rates shall be adjusted annually every July 1 by the average of the percentage increases in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for "All Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers" for all items for San Francisco/Oakland/San Jose and Los Angeles/Riverside/Orange Co. categories as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics in April of each year with the allowable water quantities remaining unchanged.

* (CCF is Hundred Cubic Feet or 748 gallons)

CSA 23			
WATER RATE CALCULATION			
	Minimum Charge	Usage Charge	
Operations and Maintenance Expense			242,000
Less other Revenue			(8,400)
Capital / Debt Service Expense	144,350		
Total - Revenue Requirement	\$ 144,350		\$ 233,600
Customers (or dwellings)	539		
Governor's Target Water Sales	51,310	Units (unit=748 gallons)	
Minimum Bi-Monthly Charge	\$ 44.64	per customer (\$144,350 / 539 / 6)	
Usage Charge	\$ 4.55	per unit (\$233,600 / 51,310 units)	

Exhibit "A"



V:\CSA 23 Santa Margarita\Maps\CSA 23 Water System (rev 4-10-12)

Date	Revisions	By	Comments
2/18/23	1	DR	Issue for circulation
2/16/23	1	DR	Review for design
2/15/23	1	DR	Review for design
2/14/23	1	DR	Review for design
2/13/23	1	DR	Review for design
2/12/23	1	DR	Review for design
2/11/23	1	DR	Review for design
2/10/23	1	DR	Review for design
2/9/23	1	DR	Review for design
2/8/23	1	DR	Review for design
2/7/23	1	DR	Review for design
2/6/23	1	DR	Review for design
2/5/23	1	DR	Review for design
2/4/23	1	DR	Review for design
2/3/23	1	DR	Review for design
2/2/23	1	DR	Review for design
2/1/23	1	DR	Review for design

FIGURE 1



SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY
PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

EXISTING WATER
DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM
TOWN OF SANTA MARGARITA
CSA NO. 23

Drawn by: D. Rion
Drawing File: SANIMARG H20 CSA23.dwg

Exhibit "B"



Intertie Project Between CSA 23 (Santa Margarita), Atascadero Mutual Water Company, and Garden Farms Community Water District

 CSA 23/AMWC/GFCWD Intertie (Proposed)

 Service Areas

1 Tie-in with CSA 23

2 Tie-in with GFCWD

3 Tie-in with AMWC

